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APPLICATION NO	. [FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/982,838		10/22/2001	Joseph G. Gatto	23449-020	8479	
29315	7590	03/25/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
		OHN FERRIS GLO	SUBRAMANIAN, N	SUBRAMANIAN, NARAYANSWAMY		
12010 SUNSET HILLS ROAD SUITE 900				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
RESTON,	RESTON, VA 20190			3624		
				DATE MAILED: 03/25/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

\mathcal{A}							
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summers	09/982,838	GATTO, JOSEPH G.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
The MAIL INC DATE of the	Narayanswamy Subramanian	3624					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nety filed s will be considered timety. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 Oc	<u>ctober 2001</u> .						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>95-126</u> is/are pending in the application	on.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>95-126</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 October 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).					
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Al Catana da conservante	(DTO 442)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Linterview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/13/03.		atent Application (PTO-152)					
.S. Patent and Trademark Office							

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to Applicant's communication dated October 22, 2001.

Amendments to the specification, cancellation of claims 1-94 and addition of new claims 95-126 have been entered. Claims 95-126 are currently pending and have been examined. The rejections are stated below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

- 2. 35 U.S.C. § 101 reads as follows:
 - "Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefore, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title".
- 3. Claims 95-126 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

35 USC 101 requires that in order to be patentable the invention must be a "new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof" (emphasis added).

Claims 95-126 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101 because the claimed invention is directed to a non-statutory subject matter. Specifically the method claim as presented does not claim a technological basis in the pre-amble and the body of the claim. Without a claimed basis, the claim may be interpreted in an alternative as involving no more than a manipulation of an abstract idea and therefore non-statutory under 35 U.S.C. 101. In contrast, a method claim that includes in the body of the claim structural / functional interrelationship which can only be computer implemented is considered to have a technological basis [See Ex parte Bowman, 61]

USPQ2d 1669, 1671 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 2001) - used only for content and reasoning since not precedential].

In order to over come the 101 rejection above, the following preamble is suggested:

"A <u>computer implemented</u> method for measuring the relative accuracy of multiple analysts' estimates ---", or something similar. Also, in the body of the claim include structural / functional interrelationship which can only be computer implemented.

Double Patenting

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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5. Claim 95 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 43 and 46 of U.S. Patent Application No. 10/119,082. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they recite the means or steps that are substantially the same and that would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 95, 105, 115 and 116 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lundgren (US Patent 5,608,620).

With reference to claim 95, Lundgren teaches a method for measuring the relative accuracy of multiple analysts' estimates at one or more points in time for one or more events, the method comprising the steps of: generating, for the multiple analysts, a relative accuracy score by comparing the accuracy of an analyst's estimate for an event relative to the average accuracy of the estimates for analysts having estimates for the event; and generating individual relative accuracy ratings for the multiple analysts (See Lundgren Abstract, Figure 1, Col 1 lines 21-50,

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Claim 1). The forecaster's compensation is a measure of relative accuracy ratings for the multiple forecasters.

With reference to claims 105, 115 and 116 the features in these claims are either inherent in the disclosure of Lundgren or old and well known in the art. If not inherent, it would have been obvious to include these features to the disclosure of Lundgren. The combination of the disclosures taken as a whole suggests that users would have benefited from being informed about abnormal conditions so as to take appropriate actions in response to the notification of abnormal conditions.

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 96-104, 106-114 and 117-126 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Narayanswamy Subramanian whose telephone number is (703) 305-4878. The examiner can normally be reached Monday-Thursday from 8:30 AM to 7:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vincent Millin can be reached at (703) 308-1065. The fax number for Formal or Official faxes and Draft to the Patent Office is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

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applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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N. Subramanian March 19, 2005

Jagdish N. Patel Primary Examiner